

Vocabulary and Etymology for Anatomy: Section 2 Tissues

Etymology (Word Origins) for Tissues: Find the word origins indicated.

1. In squamous, squam- means _____, in papilla, papi means _____.
2. In pseudopod, pseudo- means _____ and -pod means _____.
3. In microvillus, micro- means _____ and -villus means _____.
4. In ectoderm, ecto- means _____ and -derm means _____.
5. In mesoderm, meso means _____, in reticulum, reti- means _____.
6. Blastula means _____, and fetus means _____.
7. Apical means _____, and basal means _____.
8. In osteoclast, osteo- means _____ and -clast means _____.
9. In canaliculi, -iculi means _____ and periosteum, peri- means _____.
10. In chondrocyte, chondro- means _____, -cyte means _____.
11. In desmosome, desmo- means _____ and -som means _____.
12. Collagen means _____; cutaneous _____.
13. Plexus means _____; gastrula _____.
14. In fibroblast, fibro- means _____ and -blast means _____.
15. In hypertrophy, hyper means _____ and -trophy means _____.
16. In apocrine, apo- means _____; arboreal means _____.
17. In lunula, luna means _____, and ula means _____.
18. In epidermis, epi- means _____, strata means _____.
19. In keratinocyte, kera- means _____, -cyte means _____.
20. In stratum corneum, stratum means _____ and corn- means _____.
21. In lucidum, lucid- means _____, glomer- means _____.
22. In sudoriferous, sudor- means _____ and fer- means _____.
23. In hyponychium, hypo- means _____ and nychi- means _____.
24. In melanocyte, melan- means _____; fascia means _____.
25. In holocrine, holo- means _____, -crine means _____.
26. In hirsutism, hirsut- means _____, cilia means _____.
27. Follicle means _____, and matrix means _____.